

EPA Notification of Hazardous Waste Site

United States
Environmental Protection
Agency
Washington DC 20460

This initial notification information is required by Section 103(c) of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 and must be mailed by June 9, 1981.

Please type or print in ink. If you need additional space, use separate sheets of paper. Indicate the letter of the item which applies.

US EPA RECORDS CENTER REGION 5



810521
MN #15

MNS-000-001-097

A Person Required to Notify:

Enter the name and address of the person or organization required to notify.

Name Tom STUMPF
Street 2484 McMENEMY RD
City ST. PAUL State MN Zip Code 55117

B Site Location:

Enter the common name (if known) and actual location of the site.

Name of Site SKYWAY QUICK PRINT
Street 315-B SKYWAY BLDG
City ST. PAUL County RAMSEY State MN Zip Code 55101

MND058319807

C Person to Contact:

Enter the name, title (if applicable), and business telephone number of the person or contact regarding information submitted on this form.

Name (Last, First and Title) STUMPF THOMAS PRESIDENT
Phone (612) 227-7715

D Dates of Waste Handling:

Enter the years that you estimate waste treatment, storage, or disposal began and ended at the site.

From (Year) _____ To (Year) _____

E Waste Type: Choose the option you prefer to complete

Option 1: Select general waste types and source categories. If you do not know the general waste types or sources, you are encouraged to describe the site in Item I—Description of Site.

General Type of Waste:

Place an X in the appropriate boxes. The categories listed overlap. Check each applicable category.

- 1. ☐ Organics
- 2. ☐ Inorganics
- 3. ☒ Solvents
- 4. ☐ Pesticides
- 5. ☐ Heavy metals
- 6. ☐ Acids
- 7. ☐ Bases
- 8. ☐ PCBs
- 9. ☐ Mixed Municipal Waste
- 10. ☐ Unknown
- 11. ☐ Other (Specify) _____

Source of Waste:

Place an X in the appropriate boxes.

- 1. ☐ Mining
- 2. ☐ Construction
- 3. ☐ Textiles
- 4. ☐ Fertilizer
- 5. ☒ Paper/Printing
- 6. ☐ Leather Tanning
- 7. ☐ Iron/Steel Foundry
- 8. ☐ Chemical, General
- 9. ☐ Plating/Polishing
- 10. ☐ Military/Ammunition
- 11. ☐ Electrical Conductors
- 12. ☐ Transformers
- 13. ☐ Utility Companies
- 14. ☐ Sanitary/Refuse
- 15. ☐ Photofinish
- 16. ☐ Lab/Hospital
- 17. ☐ Unknown
- 18. ☐ Other (Specify) _____

Option 2: This option is available to persons familiar with the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) Section 3001 regulations (40 CFR Part 261).

Specific Type of Waste:

EPA has assigned a four-digit number to each hazardous waste listed in the regulations under Section 3001 of RCRA. Enter the appropriate four-digit number in the boxes provided. A copy of the list of hazardous wastes and codes can be obtained by contacting the EPA Region serving the State in which the site is located.

* no numbers on solvent drum:
Varn 000003 MAY 21 81
Pronto
Extra fast Roller and Rubber
Blanket Cleaner
NYFD. Permit X 638896
Compound Removing #3 001

Notification of Hazardous Waste Site

Side Two

F Waste Quantity:

Place an X in the appropriate boxes to indicate the facility types found at the site.

In the "total facility waste amount" space give the estimated combined quantity (volume) of hazardous wastes at the site using cubic feet or gallons.

In the "total facility area" space, give the estimated area size which the facilities occupy using square feet or acres.

Facility Type

1. ☐ Piles
2. ☐ Land Treatment
3. ☐ Landfill
4. ☐ Tanks
5. ☐ Impoundment
6. ☐ Underground Injection
7. ☐ Drums, Above Ground
8. ☐ Drums, Below Ground
9. ☒ Other (Specify) CLEANING SOLVENT IN 10 GAL. DRUMS

Total Facility Waste Amount

cubic feet

gallons

Total Facility Area

square feet

acres

10 GALLONS1100 SQ FEET**G Known, Suspected or Likely Releases to the Environment:**

Place an X in the appropriate boxes to indicate any known, suspected, or likely releases of wastes to the environment.

☐ Known ☐ Suspected ☐ Likely ☒ None

Note: Items H and I are optional. Completing these items will assist EPA and State and local governments in locating and assessing hazardous waste sites. Although completing the items is not required, you are encouraged to do so.

H Sketch Map of Site Location: (Optional)

Sketch a map showing streets, highways, routes or other prominent landmarks near the site. Place an X on the map to indicate the site location. Draw an arrow showing the direction north. You may substitute a publishing map showing the site location.

I Description of Site: (Optional)

Describe the history and present conditions of the site. Give directions to the site and describe any nearby wells, springs, lakes, or housing. Include such information as how waste was disposed and where the waste came from. Provide any other information or comments which may help describe the site conditions.

J Signature and Title:

The person or authorized representative (such as plant managers, superintendents, trustees or attorneys) of persons required to notify must sign the form and provide a mailing address (if different than address in item A). For other persons providing notification, the signature is optional. Check the boxes which best describe the relationship to the site of the person required to notify. If you are not required to notify check "Other".

Name Tom STUMPFStreet 315-B SKYWAY BLDGCity ST. PAULState MO Zip Code 55101☒ Signature Thomas E. StumpfDate 5-18-81

- ☒ Owner, Present
☐ Owner, Past
☐ Transporter
☐ Operator, Present
☐ Operator, Past
☐ Other



The Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 PL 96-510 (commonly known as Superfund) mandates in Section 103(c) that certain persons notify the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) by June 9, 1981 of the existence of sites where hazardous wastes from industries, businesses, governments, hospitals, and other sources are stored, treated, or disposed of.

Persons who believe they are required to notify have requested that EPA develop and distribute forms and accompanying guidance material in order that respondents can more easily comply with the new law. This in turn, will ensure that information submitted to EPA will be both consistent and useful.

Those required to notify must inform EPA that the site exists and provide details on its location, the amount and type of any hazardous wastes to be found there, and any known, suspected or likely releases of such wastes from the site. All of this information can be provided by completing the enclosed EPA Form 8900-1, Notification of Hazardous Waste Site. The notification form should be mailed to the EPA Regional Office serving the State in which the site is located by June 9, 1981.

The enclosed packet also includes the following:

- General Information
- A list of EPA Region mailing addresses and information telephone numbers
- Instructions for filling out the form

Receipt of this packet does not necessarily mean that you are required to notify. For example, certain locations (such as gasoline service stations and dry cleaning plants) which accumulated hazardous wastes only as a result of minor leakage or spillage that occurred in the course of normal operations are not expected to notify. To determine if you must notify please read the General Information portion of the notification packet.

EPA believes that those legally required to notify may not be able to identify every hazardous waste site. Therefore, we encourage the general public to fill out the notification form if they know of sites which otherwise might not be reported. This is most applicable to sites that are abandoned or where midnight dumping has occurred and where government investigators are not likely to know of the site.

These forms, along with other efforts EPA has underway, should help to compile a national inventory of hazardous waste sites. With this inventory, EPA and State and local governments can do a better job of remedying the problems created by uncontrolled hazardous waste disposal. If you have any questions regarding the notification process, please contact the EPA Region serving the State in which the site is located. We thank you for your cooperation.

Sincerely Yours,

William C. Barba

Acting Administrator
Environmental Protection Agency

General Information

The primary purpose of this notification program is to locate hazardous waste sites which treated, stored, or disposed of hazardous waste in the past and at which hazardous waste is still present. The most important information you can provide to EPA is the existence of a hazardous waste site and its location. For purposes of describing the hazardous waste to be found at a site, the quantities of such waste and the type of activity at a site, EPA is not requiring that you painstakingly document the information submitted. This information may be based on your knowledge, belief, recollection or reasonably available records.

Who Must Notify

Section 103(c) of Superfund requires that, unless exempted, the following must notify EPA:

- Any person who presently owns or operates a site where there are facilities that store, treat, or dispose of hazardous wastes.
- Any person who, at the time of disposal, owned or operated a site where there are facilities that store, treat, or dispose of hazardous wastes.
- Any person who accepted hazardous wastes for transport and selected a site where there are facilities that store, treat, or dispose of hazardous wastes.

Persons required to notify include individuals and private, public, and government entities.

Who Need Not Notify

1. Section 3010 of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) requires any person who generates or transports hazardous wastes or who owns or operates a facility that treats, stores, or disposes of hazardous wastes to notify EPA of such activities. For purposes of this notification any person who notified under Section 3010 for one or more treatment, storage, or disposal facilities does not have to notify EPA again of those specific facilities. However, notification is required for facilities not previously reported under Section 3010 that are on or contiguous to sites reported under Section 3010.

2. A person does not have to notify of facilities that have qualified for Interim Status under RCRA.

3. Facilities at which less than 55 gallons (or 7.4 cubic feet) of hazardous wastes have been disposed are not subject to this notification requirement.

4. Locations where hazardous waste accumulated only as a result of minor leakage or spillage that occurred in the course of normal operations are not considered hazardous waste sites for purposes of this notification unless such accumulation may pose significant risk to human health and the environment.

5. Municipal landfills, town dumps and other facilities that receive household wastes only, are not subject to notification. Municipal landfills that received hazardous wastes, especially wastes in segregated shipments from industrial services, would be expected to notify.

6. Facilities at which hazardous wastes had been treated or stored and from which all those hazardous wastes have been removed so as to eliminate any risk to human health and the environment are not subject to this notification requirement.

7. The application of pesticide products registered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and the

handling and storage of such products by agricultural producers are not subject to this notification requirement. Sites at which pesticides have been disposed are subject to the notification requirement of Section 103(c). Farmers who have disposed of waste pesticide in a manner consistent with the disposal instruction on the pesticide label are not subject to this notification requirement.

8. Stoppage in transport of hazardous waste which is temporary, incidental to the transportation, or at the ordinary operating convenience of a common or contract carrier is not, for purposes of this notification, storage.

9. Certain facilities which handle hazardous wastes pursuant to RCRA are not subject to this notification requirement. They include:

- Product or raw material storage tanks and transportation vessels or vehicles which are presently in use are not considered hazardous waste storage facilities, even though hazardous waste may be generated in such units in the course of their use. This does not extend, however, to units which are no longer in use and in which hazardous waste remain.
- Short-term accumulation (90 days or less) of hazardous wastes by generators subject to RCRA regulations is not, for purposes of this notification, storage.
- Totally enclosed treatment facilities.
- Wastewater treatment tanks and neutralization tanks.

Wastes Subject To Notification

Wastes subject to notification under Superfund are listed or identified as hazardous in the regulations issued under Section 3001 of RCRA. You are not expected to sample wastes to determine if they are hazardous. Rather, you can use any knowledge you have of the wastes, including the materials or processes involved or the types of facilities that generate the wastes. You should notify about sites if you believe the wastes may be hazardous due to barrel labels, odors, health effects, or other indicators.

Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) are not currently included within the RCRA Section 3001 regulations but are regulated under the Tox Substances Control Act (TSCA). Consequently, notification of PCB treatment, storage, or disposal sites is not mandatory. However, in order to make this notification more comprehensive, EPA is requesting a voluntary notification of sites containing PCBs as part of this notification program.

Wastes Not Subject To Notification

The following wastes are, not subject to notification under Section 103(c) of Superfund.

1. Solid wastes listed below not presently regulated as "hazardous waste" under RCRA.

- "Household waste", defined as any waste material (including garbage, trash, and sanitary wastes in septic tanks) derived from households (including single and multiple residences, hotels, and motels):

- Solid wastes generated by any of the following and returned to the soil as fertilizers:

—The growing and harvesting of agricultural crops.

—The raising of animals, including animal manure.

- Mining overburden returned to the mine site.

- Fly ash waste, bottom ash waste, slag waste, and flue gas emission control waste generated primarily from combustion of coal or other fossil fuels.

- Drilling fluids, produced waters, and other wastes associated with the exploration, development, or production of crude oil, natural gas, or geothermal energy.

- Solid waste from extraction, beneficiation and processing of ores or minerals, including phosphate rock and overburden from the mining of uranium ore.

- Cement kiln dust waste.

2. Natural gas, natural gas liquids, liquefied natural gas, or synthetic gas usable for fuel or mixtures of natural gas and such synthetic gas).

3. Petroleum, including crude oil or any fraction thereof which is not specifically listed under RCRA.

Penalties

Any person convicted of knowingly failing to notify may be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned for not more than 1 year, or both. In addition, violators shall not be entitled to the protections of the liability provisions of Section 107 of Superfund. Information received under Section 103(c) will not be

used against any person in any criminal case, except a prosecution for perjury or for giving a false statement.

What Information Should Be Filed

When filing a notification, you must indicate the site location, specify the amount and type of any hazardous wastes to be found there, and show any known, suspected, or likely releases of such wastes from the site. You can provide all this information by completing and mailing the enclosed EPA Form 8900-1, Notification of Hazardous Waste Site.

The 53 chemical companies who submitted extensive facility information in previous responses to a survey conducted by the House Interstate and Foreign Commerce Committee in 1979 ("Waste Disposal Site Survey Directory"—Committee Print 96-IFC 33 published October 1979), may choose to

- complete Form 8900-1, or

- submit to EPA the information provided to the House Committee, updating and supplementing it as necessary to provide the information requested in Form 8900-1.

How Many Forms Should Be Filed

You should provide one notification form per site, whether the site has one or more treatment, storage, or disposal facilities within its boundary (see facility and site definitions).

When to File

Envelopes must be postmarked no later than June 9, 1981.

Acknowledgement

EPA will send you a postcard acknowledging receipt of your notification.

Confidential Information

Industrial and commercial organizations may be concerned about public disclosure of information that they report. All information reported in a notification other than trade secrets can be disclosed to the public, according to the Freedom of Information Act and EPA Freedom of Information Regulations. Because notification information is very general, EPA believes that it is unlikely that information reported qualifies for protection from disclosure as trade secrets.

However, if you wish to claim confidentiality, print the word "confidential" on both sides of the Notification Form and any attachments. EPA

encourages you to substantiate your claim at the time of notification by providing written answers to each of the questions listed below. Otherwise EPA may send notice promptly on receipt of notification requesting substantiation within 15 working days.

1. Which portions of the information do you claim are entitled to confidential treatment?

2. How long do you want this information treated confidentially?

3. What measures have you taken to guard against undesired disclosures of the information to others?

4. To what extent has the information been disclosed to others, and what precautions have you taken in connection with those disclosures?

5. Has EPA or any other Federal Agency made a pertinent confidentiality determination? (If so, include a copy of this determination or reference to it, if available).

6. Will disclosure of the information be likely to substantially harm your competitive position? If so, what would the harm be, and why should it be viewed as substantial? What is the relationship between disclosure and the harm?

Where to File

EPA Region Address	Area and Information Telephone Numbers		EPA Region Address	Area and Information Telephone Numbers	
US EPA Region 1 Sites Notification Boston, MA 02203	617-223-0090	Massachusetts Maine, Rhode Island Connecticut, New Hampshire, Vermont	US EPA Region 6 Sites Notification Dallas, TX 75270	214-767-4075	Arkansas, Louisiana, New Mexico Oklahoma, Texas
US EPA Region 2 Sites Notification New York, NY 10007	212-264-1573	New Jersey, New York, Virgin Islands, Puerto Rico	US EPA Region 7 Sites Notification Kansas City, MO 64106	816-374-6864	Iowa, Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska
US EPA Region 3 Sites Notification Philadelphia, PA 19106	215-597-8751	Delaware, District of Columbia, Maryland, Pennsylvania, Virginia, West Virginia	US EPA Region 8 Sites Notification Denver, CO 80295	800-332-3321 800-525-3022	Colorado Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota, Utah, Wyoming
US EPA Region 4 Sites Notification Atlanta, GA 30308	404-881-2234	Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee	US EPA Region 9 Sites Notification San Francisco, CA 94105	415-556-1407	Arizona, California, Hawaii, Nevada, Guam, American Samoa, Common- wealth of the Northern Marianas
US EPA Region 5 Sites Notification Chicago, ILL 60604	312-886-3500	Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Ohio, Wisconsin	US EPA Region 10 Sites Notification Seattle, WA 98101	800-732-9319 800-426-9947	Washington Alaska, Idaho, Oregon

Definitions

The following definitions may assist you in completing the notification form.

Act: the "Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980" (Superfund).

Administrator: the Administrator of the United States Environmental Protection Agency.

Disposal: the discharge, deposit, injection, dumping, spilling, leaking, or placing of any solid waste or hazardous waste into or on any land or water so that such solid waste or hazardous waste or any constituent thereof may enter the environment or be emitted into the air or discharged into any waters, including ground waters.

Environment: (A) the navigable waters, the waters of the contiguous zone, and the ocean waters of which the natural resources are under the exclusive management authority of the United States under the Fishery Conservation and Management Act of 1976, and (B) any other surface water, ground water, drinking water supply, land surface or subsurface strata, or ambient air within the United States or under the jurisdiction of the United States.

Facility: (A) any building, structure, installation, equipment, pipe or pipeline (including any pipe into a sewer or publicly owned treatment works), well, pit, pond, lagoon, impoundment, ditch, landfill, storage container, motor vehicle rolling stock, or aircraft, or (B) any site or area where a hazardous waste has been deposited, stored, disposed of, or placed, or otherwise come to be located; but does not include any consumer product in consumer use or any vessel (for purposes of this notification, (A) is most applicable).

Hazardous Waste: for purposes of this notification requirement means any hazardous waste having the characteristics identified under or listed pursuant to section 3001 of RCRA (but not including any waste the regulation of which under RCRA has been suspended by Act of Congress).

Owner or Operator: (A) in the case of an onshore facility, any person owning or operating such facility, and (B) in the case of any abandoned facility, any person who owned, operated, or otherwise controlled activities at such facility immediately prior to such abandonment.

Person: an individual, firm, corporation, association, partnership, consortium, joint

venture, commercial entity, United States Government, State, municipality, commission, political subdivision of a State or any interstate body.

Release: any spilling, leaking, pumping, pouring, emitting, emptying, discharging, injecting, escaping, leaching, dumping, or disposing into the environment.

Site: the location at which hazardous wastes were stored, treated, or disposed of by persons required to notify under Section 103(c). This includes all contiguous land, structures, other appurtenances, and improvements on the land, used for treating, storing, or disposing of hazardous wastes. A site may consist of several treatment, storage, or disposal facilities.

Storage: the holding of hazardous waste for a temporary period at the end of which the hazardous waste is treated, stored, or disposed elsewhere.

Transport or Transportation: the movement of a hazardous substance by any mode, including pipeline (as defined in the Pipeline Safety Act), and in the case of a hazardous substance which has been accepted for transportation by a common or contract carrier, the term "transport" or "transportation" shall include any stoppage in transit which is

temporary, incidental to the transportation movement, and at the ordinary operating convenience of a common or contract carrier, and any such stoppage shall be considered as continuity of movement and not as the storage of a hazardous waste.

Treatment: any method, technique, or process, including neutralization, designed to change the physical, chemical or biological character or composition of any hazardous waste to neutralize such waste, or so as to recover energy or material resources from the waste, or to render such waste non-hazardous, or less hazardous; safer to transport, store, or dispose of; or amenable for recovery, or storage, or reduced in volume. Such term includes any activity or processing designed to change the physical form or chemical composition of hazardous waste so as to render it nonhazardous.

Waste Quantity: the actual or estimated size of the area affected (such as square feet or acres) and/or amount of waste (such as gallons or cubic feet) for the various treatment, storage or disposal facilities used at a site.

Waste Type: the type of hazardous substance that has been treated, stored, or disposed at a site.



Official Business
Penalty for Private Use
\$300

United States
Environmental Protection
Agency

Office of Hazardous
Emergency Response WH-548
Washington DC 20460



First-Class Mail
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